



TEADAL



Introducing TEADAL

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POLIMI

WORKSHOP ON CO-DESIGNING DATA SPACES: EMPOWERING USABILITY

*March 9th, 2023
Bucharest, Romania and Hybrid mode*

WWW.TEADAL.EU

Main ambition



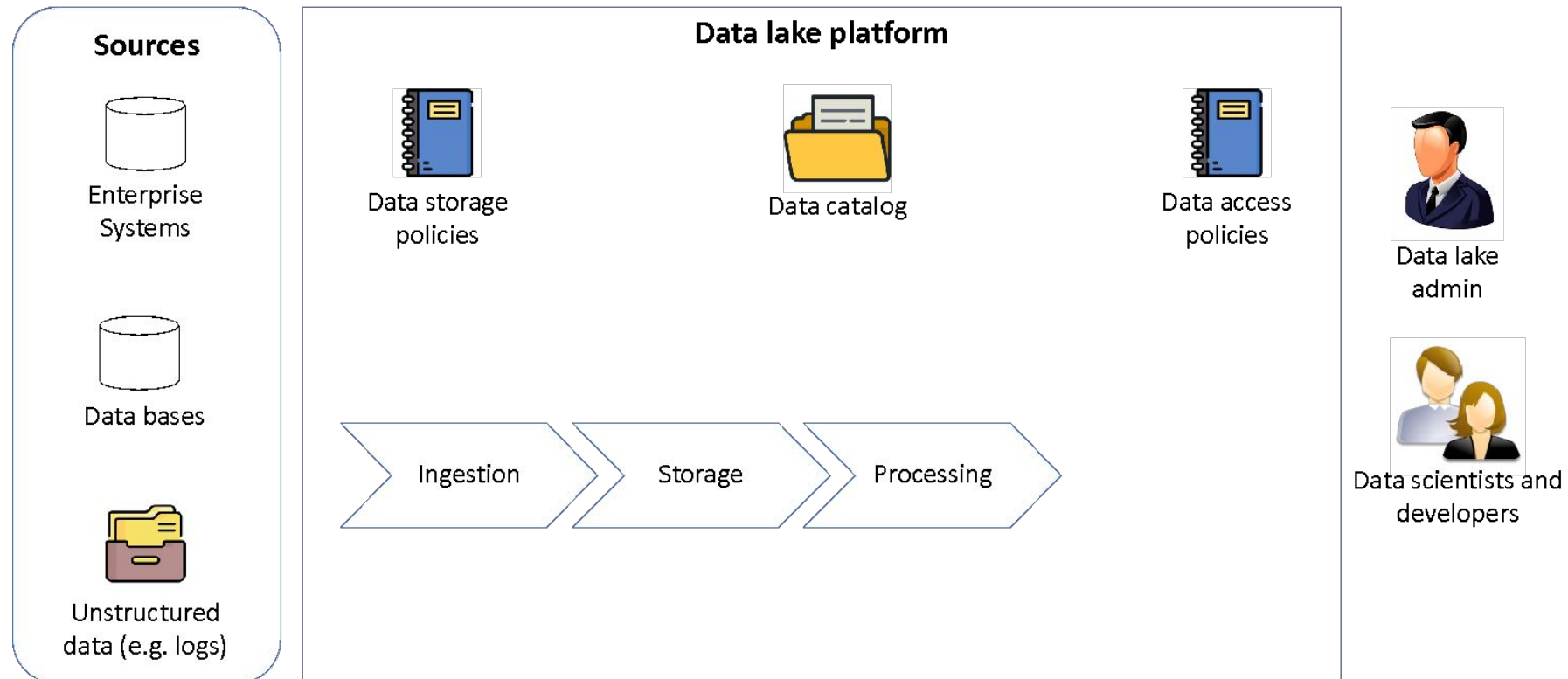
To provide key cornerstone technologies that will enable the creation of trustworthy mediatorless federations of data lakes spanning the cloud-edge continuum and, as dynamic constellations of different organizations, to improve a trusted, verifiable, and energy-efficient data sharing as a key driver for fostering a Sustainable European Digital Single Market.

Consortium

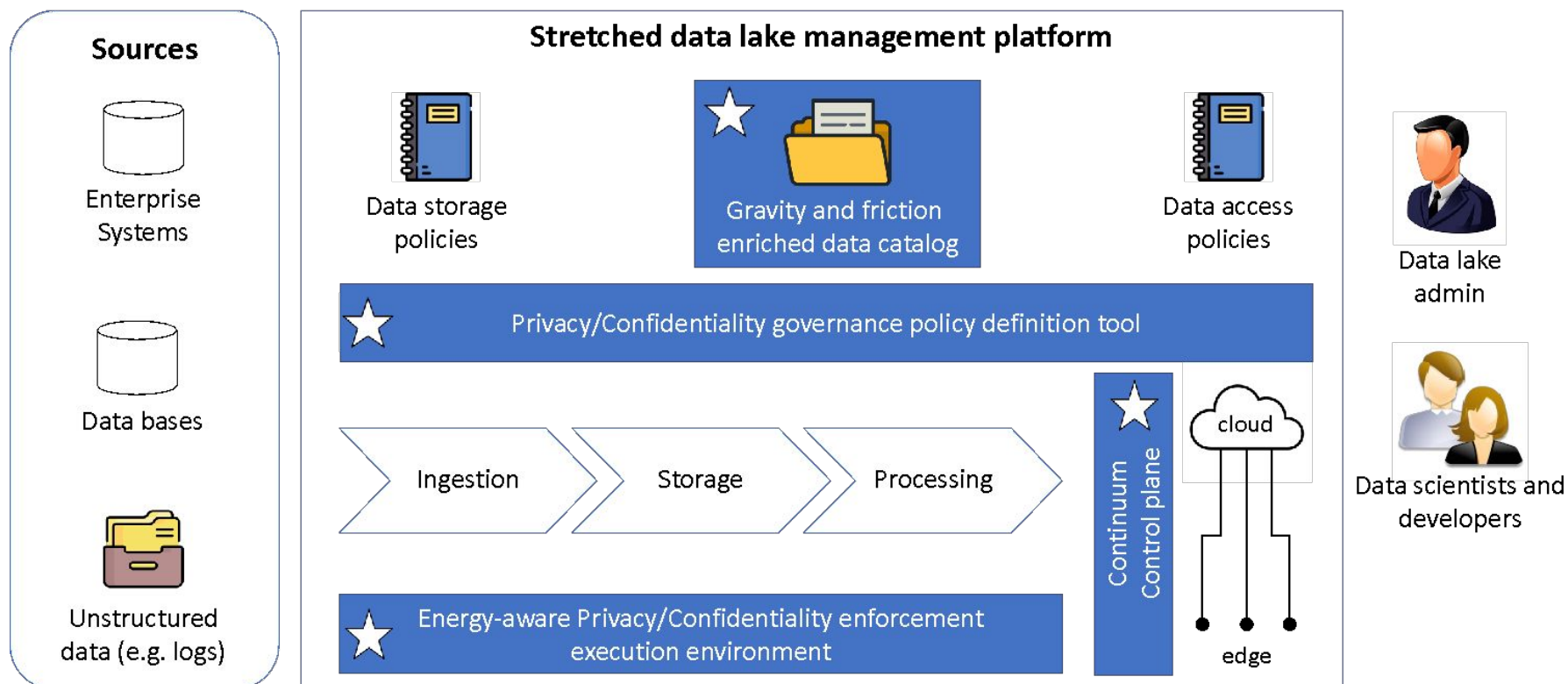


No.	Participant organization name
1	UBIWHERE LDA (Coordinator)
2	POLITECNICO DI MILANO
3	CYBERNETICA AS
4	CEFRIEL SOCIETA CONSORTILE A RESPONSABILITA LIMITATA
5	IBM ISRAEL - SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY LTD.
6	TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITAET BERLIN
7	ING BANK N.V.
8	MARINA SALUD, S.A.
9	UNION INTERNATIONALE DES TRANSPORTS PUBLICS
10	AZIENDA METROPOLITANA TRASPORTI E SOSTA CATANIA SPA
11	TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITAET WIEN
12	ALMAVIVA - THE ITALIAN INNOVATION COMPANY SPA
13	MARTEL GMBH
14	TERRAVIEW GMBH
15	ERT TÊXTIL PORTUGAL, S.A.
16	FUNDACIO PRIVADA I2CAT, INTERNET I INNOVACIO DIGITAL A CATALUNYA
17	BOX2M ENGINEERING SRL
18	REGIONE TOSCANA

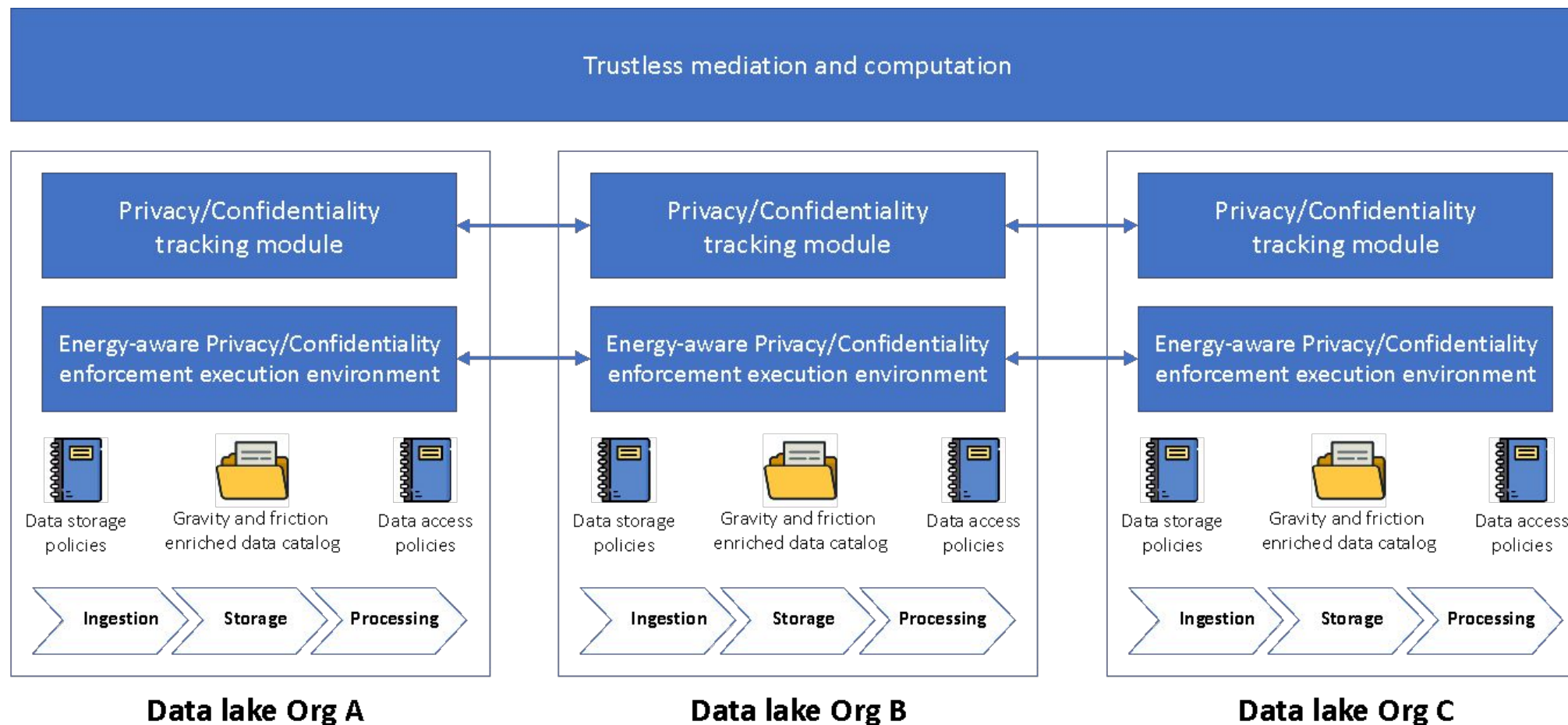
From data lake ...



... to stretched data lake ...



... That can be federated



S/T methodology - pillars



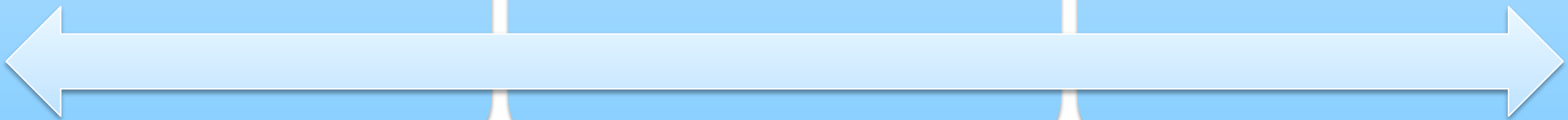
Data
gravity/friction



Trustworthy
data sharing



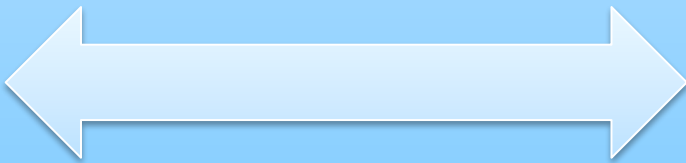
Energy-efficient
use of data



S/T methodology - pillars



**Data
gravity/friction**



Forces that will guide the data placement

- Along the continuum
- Among the members of the federation

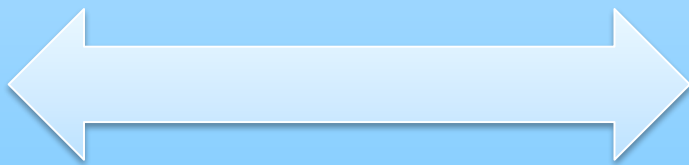
They will influence the development of innovative data catalogs where

- Privacy/confidentiality is related to the data location

S/T methodology - pillars



**Trustworthy
data sharing**



Organizations need to trust each other when sharing data

It is fundamental to balance between

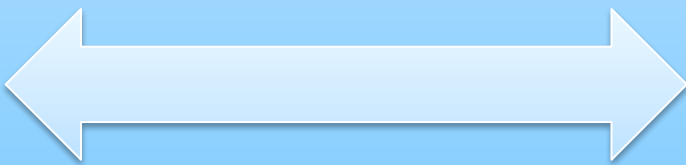
- Data sovereignty
- Effective/Significant data analysis

We propose a Federated data lake architecture that simplifies the policy definition, enforcement, and tracking

S/T methodology - pillars



Energy-efficient
use of data



Sustainability must be a first-class requirement when developing our solutions

In all the aspects:

- Ingesting data
- Storing data
- Processing data

Keep always in mind that any proposed solution must be energy efficient somehow

Cloud Federation, common European Data Spaces and AI



- Driven by stakeholders
- Rich pool of data of varying degree of openness
- Sectoral Data Governance (contracts, licenses, access rights, usage rights)
- Technical tools for data pooling and sharing

Marketplace for Cloud to Edge based Services

Cloud services meeting high requirements for data protection, security, portability, interoperability, energy efficiency



Federation of Cloud & HPC Infrastructure & Services

Cloud stack management and multi-cloud / hybrid cloud, cloud governance

**Edge
Infrastructure
& Services**

SaaS (Software as a Service)

Software, ERP, CRM, data analytics

PaaS (Platforms as a Service)

Smart Interoperability Middleware

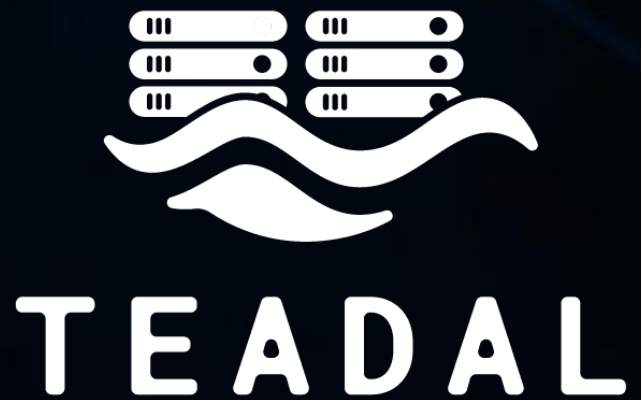
IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service)

Servers, computing, OS, storage, network

**High-
Performance
Computing**

AI on demand platform

**AI Testing and
Experimentation Facilities**



Scenarios and requirements

Alessio CARENINI

Cefriel

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TEADAL Pilots represent domains where data sharing is currently difficult for different reasons:

- Regulations (like GDPR or National Access Points for mobility)
- Complex processes requiring data sharing between multiple actors
- Constraints on where data processing must take place
- Constraints on where data should be processed
- Competition between companies requiring complex business policies

The aim of the first iteration of the pilots description and requirements analysis was provide initial insights for the development of TEADAL components

Pilot #1: Evidence-based Medicine

Objective: allow clinical studies to be executed on data coming from multiple hospitals dealing with GDPR patients' consent

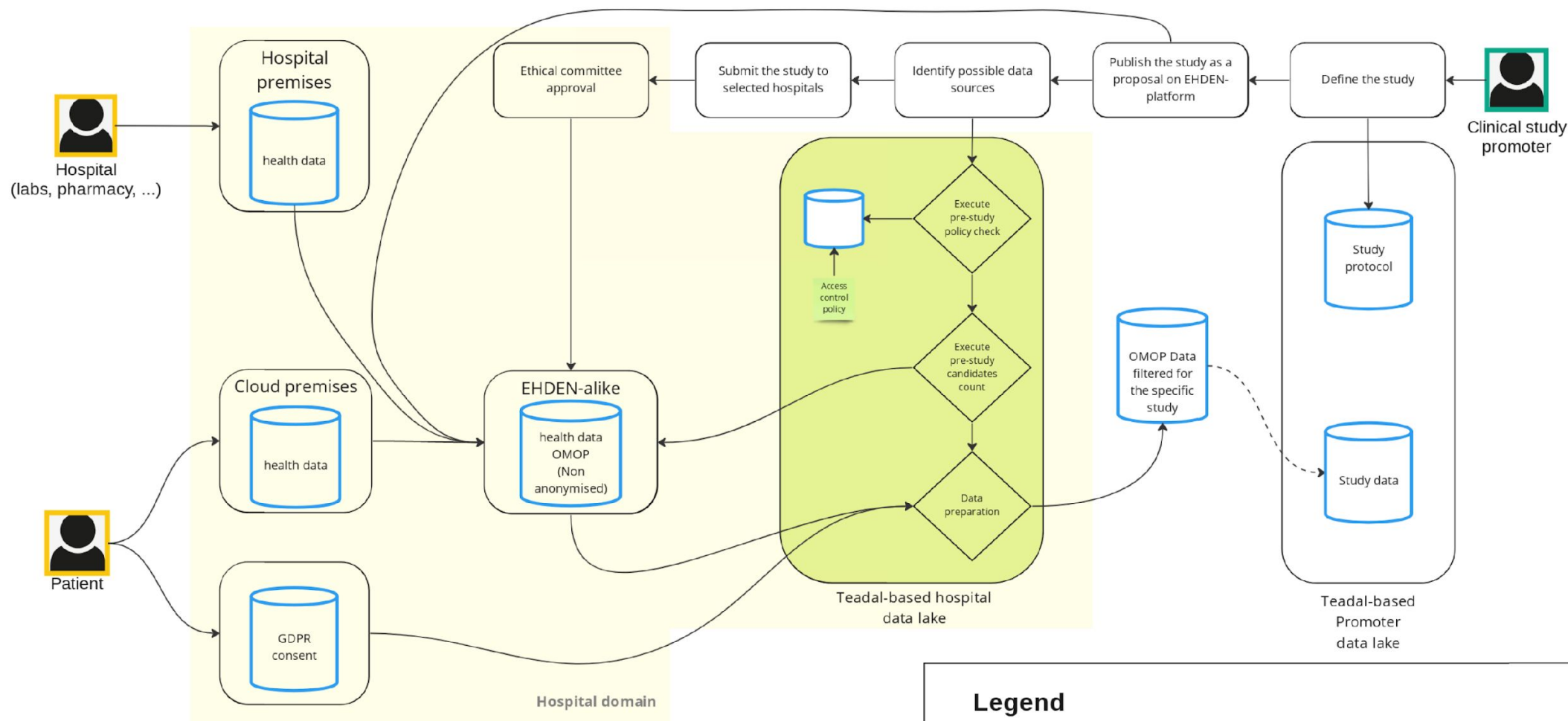
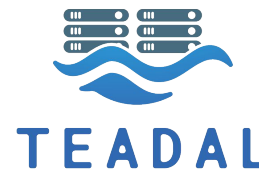
Why is it hard?

- GDPR requires patients' consent for each clinical study
- Doctors want to perform data exploration, so data processing requirements are not known a-priori
- Not only data sharing, it requires the implementation of a complex process based on data sharing
- Copying data to another hospital may be forbidden

Which data is shared?

- Clinical data (SQL data - 100GB)

Clinical study with TEADAL



Legend



dataset

dataset with sensitive or personal information



who manages/generates the information



who accesses the information

Pilot #2: Mobility

Objectives:

- Allow compliance to EU regulation related to mobility (National Access Points)
- Allow mobility providers to leverage the availability of mobility data on NAPs

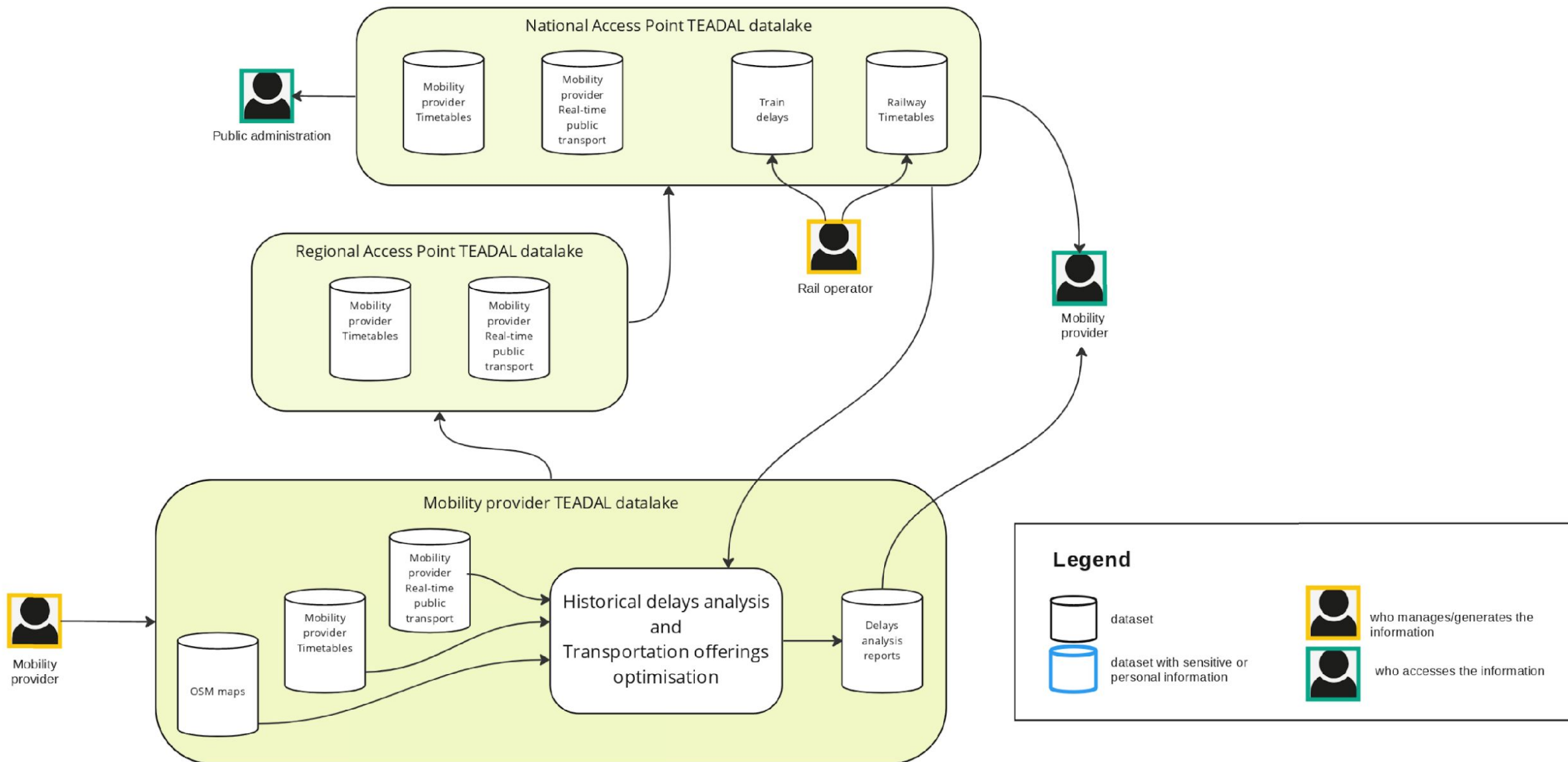
Why is it hard?

- Competition between actors usually hinders data sharing (especially delays data)
- EU is forcing mobility providers to share data
- Italy chose a two-layer system (National Access Point and Regional Access Point) to delegate data collection to Regions

Which data is shared?

- Public transport timetables (GTFS updated twice a year usually)
- Real-time information about road traffic and public transport delays (GTFS-RT)

EU regulations compliance through TEADAL datalake



Pilot #3: Smart viticulture



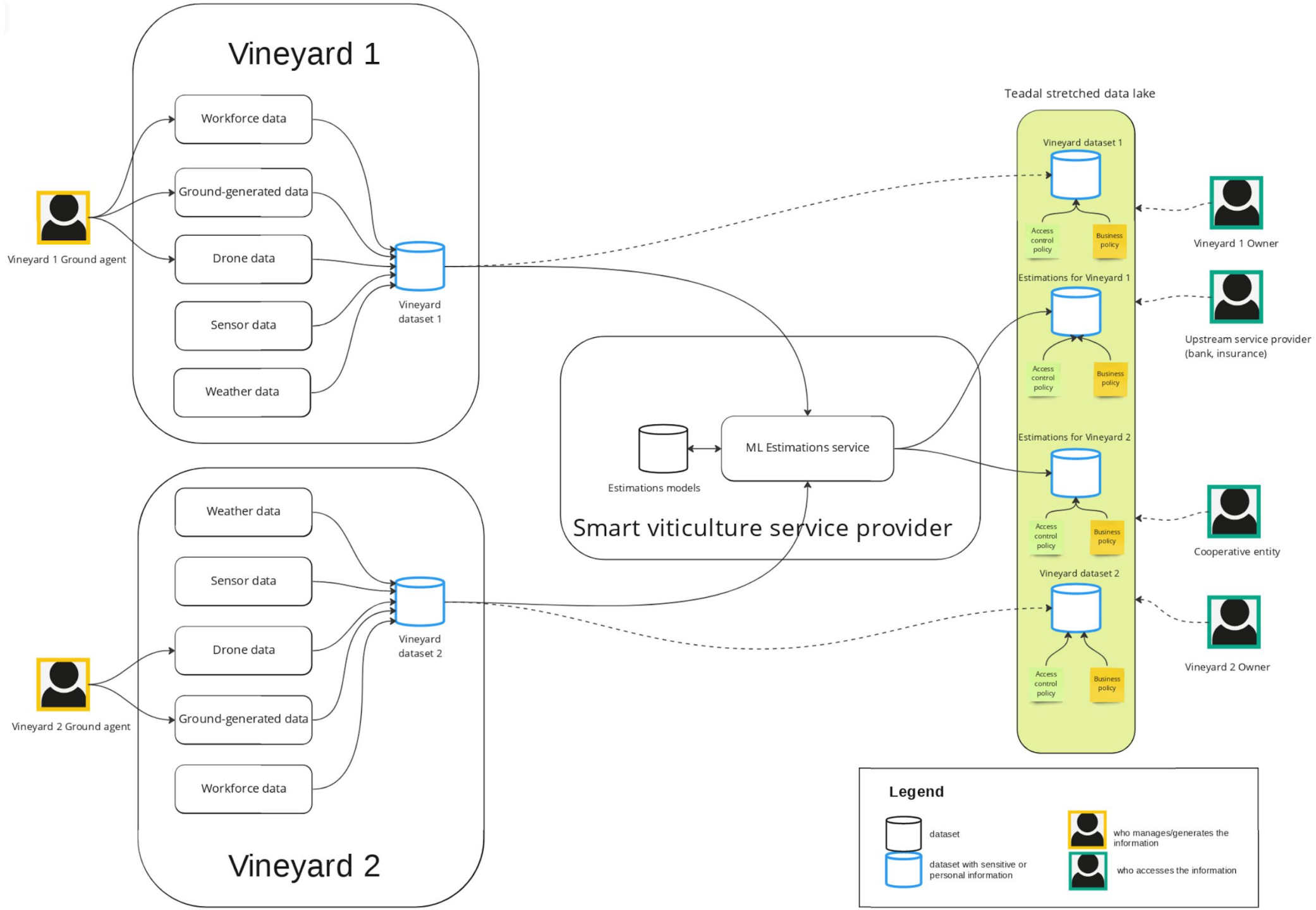
Objective: Allow vineyard owners to selectively decide who to share their data with, while benefiting from ML-based estimations created using data from all the vineyards

Why is it hard?

- Each vineyard must remain in control of its data
- Policies must be set-up to allow controlled data sharing to selected actors
- (Optional) vineyard data must be stored only on edge

Which data is shared?

- Satellite (images – 260GB update every 8 days)
- Sensors data (JSON - 2GB updated every hour)
- Weather data (binary – 1GB updated every hour)
- Drones and ground-generated data (JSON – 50GB updated every hour)



Pilot #4: Industry 4.0



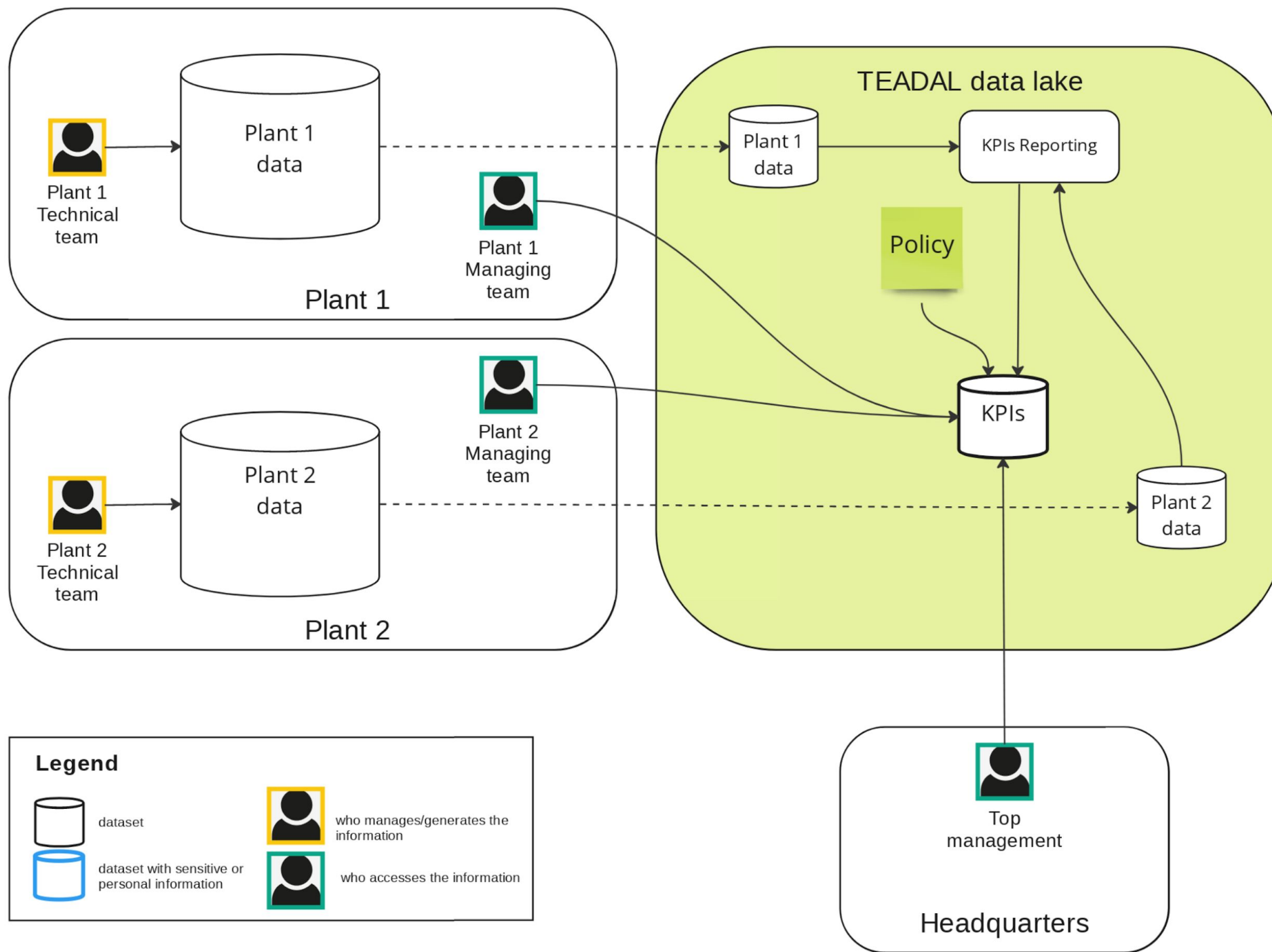
Objective: Allow processing KPIs over data from different manufacturing plants, each with its own data model, and enforce authorisation policies

Why is it hard?

- Processing over large amounts of data
- Different data models

Which data is shared?

- Plant production data (SQL data – 100GB updated every 30 minutes)



Pilot #5: Environmental sustainability

Objective: Allow reconstructing static and dynamic energy files for public and private buildings and map energy efficiency and air quality patterns by territorial area

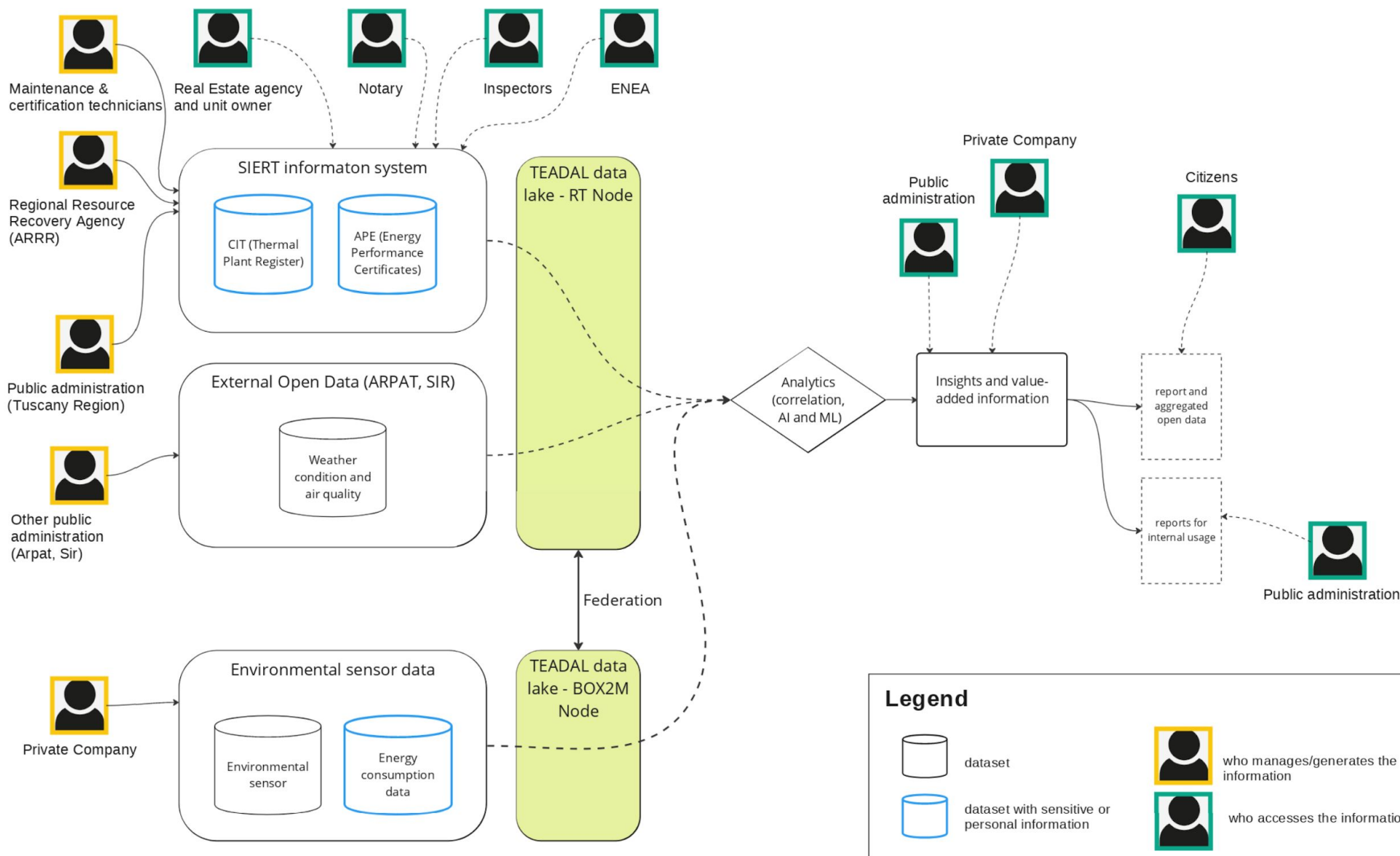
Why is it hard?

- Correlate building energy profiles managed by public administrations with sensor data from environment and energy consumptions monitoring deployed by private companies
- Private companies can only benefit of the results of the analysis without accessing to raw data from public administration

Which data is shared?

- Buildings' energy performance certificates (XML - 1M elements updated daily)
- Registry of buildings' thermal and air conditioning systems (SQL – 7M elements updated daily)
- Environmental sensors data (JSON – 400K elements collected in real time and consolidated daily)
- Buildings' energy consumption data (JSON – 400K elements collected in real time and consolidated daily)

Public-Private federation for environmental sustainability

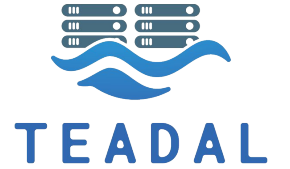


Main features of the pilots



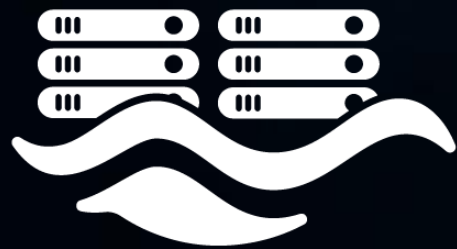
Feature	#1 Medicine	#2 Mobility	#3 Viticulture	#4 Industry 4.0	#5 Env. Sustainability
Federation (Friction)	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Cloud-to-edge (Gravity)	N	N	?	Y	Y
Federated identities	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Efficiency	N	Y	N	N	N
Privacy preservation	?	N	N	N	N
Data tracking	Y	N	N	N	N
GDPR policies	Y	N	N	N	Y
Business policies	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Meet the TEADAL Consortium



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THANKS



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